



# Calculus 2

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2023-2024



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## Exercices 8

## Partial Derivatives

**1- If**

$$f(x, y) = x^3 + x^2y^3 - 2y^2,$$

**find**  $f_x(2, 1)$  and  $f_y(2, 1)$ .

**2- If**

$$f(x, y) = 4 - x^2 - 2y^2,$$

**find**  $f_x(1, 1)$  and  $f_y(1, 1)$ .

**3- If**

$$f(x, y) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{1+y}\right),$$

calculate  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ .

**4- If**

$$f(x, y, z) = e^{xy} \ln z.$$

**find**  $f_x, f_y$ , and  $f_z$

**5- if**

$$f(x, y, z) = \sin(3x + yz),$$

**Calculate**  $f_{xxyz}$

**6-Let**

$$z = e^x \cos y,$$

$x = \sin t$  **and**  $y = t^2$ . Find

- Find the total differential for each function.
  - $z = 2x \sin y - 3x^2y^2$
  - $w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$
- Let  $w = x^2y - y^2$ , where  $x = \sin t$  and  $y = e^t$ . Find  $dw/dt$  when  $t = 0$ .

Find  $\partial w / \partial s$  and  $\partial w / \partial t$  when  $s = 1$  and  $t = 2\pi$  for

- $w = xy + yz + xz$ where  $x = s \cos t$ ,  $y = s \sin t$ , and  $z = t$ .

Find  $dy/dx$  for

$$y^3 + y^2 - 5y - x^2 + 4 = 0.$$

Find  $\partial z/\partial x$  and  $\partial z/\partial y$  for

$$3x^2z - x^2y^2 + 2z^3 + 3yz - 5 = 0.$$

If  $f(x, y) = \left(\frac{x}{1+y}\right)^5$ , calculate  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ .

If  $g(v, w) = we^{vw}$ , find  $g_v$  and  $g_w$ .

If  $f(x, y) = x \cos y + ye^x$ , find the second-order derivatives

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}, \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}.$$

Find  $f_{yxz}$  if  $f(x, y, z) = 1 - 2xy^2z + x^2y$ .

## Evaluate at the given value of t

Function	Value
1. $w = x^2 + y^2$ $x = 2t, y = 3t$	$t = 2$
2. $w = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ $x = \cos t, y = e^t$	$t = 0$
3. $w = x \sin y$ $x = e^t, y = \pi - t$	$t = 0$
4. $w = \ln \frac{y}{x}$ $x = \cos t, y = \sin t$	$t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

*Find dy/dx*

$$x^2 - xy + y^2 - x + y = 0$$

$$\ln\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + x + y = 4$$

$$\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} - y^2 = 6$$

## *Find $dz/dx$*



- $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$
- $xz + yz + xy = 0$
- $x^2 + 2yz + z^2 = 1$
- $x + \sin(y + z) = 0$
- $\tan(x + y) + \tan(y + z) = 1$
- $z = e^x \sin(y + z)$
- $e^{xz} + xy = 0$
- $x \ln y + y^2z + z^2 = 8$



**Thank you for your attention**