Ex.1. If the mass of cylinder *C* is 40 kg, determine the mass of cylinder *A* in order to hold the assembly in the position shown.





Ex.2. The 200-kg crate is suspended using the ropes AB, AC and AD. Each rope can withstand a maximum force of 10kN before it breaks. If AB remains horizontal, determine the smallest angle  $\theta$  to which the crate can be suspended before one of the ropes breaks. Ex.3. If the 5-kg block is suspended from the pulley B and the sag of the cord is d = 0.15 m, determine the force in cord *ABC*. Neglect the size of the pulley.





Ex.4. If cable CB is subjected to a tension that is twice that of cable CA, determine the angle for equilibrium of the 10-kg cylinder. Also, what are the tensions in wires CA and CB?

Ex.5. The unstretched length of spring AB is 3 m. If the block is held in the equilibrium position shown, determine the mass of the block at D and the unstretched length of spring AC.







Ex.6. The block has a mass of 5 kg and rests on the smooth plane. Determine the unstretched length of the spring.

Ex.7. Determine the tension in cables *AB* , *BC* , and *CD* , necessary to support the 10-kg and 15-kg traffic lights at *B* and *C* , respectively. Also, find the angle  $\theta$ .





Ex.8. (1) Determine the tension developed in each cord required for equilibrium of the 20-kg lamp.

(2) Determine the maximum mass of the lamp that the cord system can support so that no single cord develops a tension exceeding 600 N.

Ex. 9. Cable *ABC* has a length of 5 m. Determine the position *x* and the tension developed in *ABC* required for equilibrium of the 100-kg sack. Neglect the size of the pulley at *B*.

Ex.10. (1) The springs *BA* and *BC* each have a stiffness of 500 N/m and an unstretched length of 3 m. Determine the horizontal force *F* applied to the cord which is attached to the small ring *B* so that the displacement of the ring from the wall is d = 1.5 m. (2) The springs *BA* and *BC* each have a stiffness of 500 N/m and an unstretched length of 3 m. Determine the displacement *d* of the cord from the wall when a force *F* = 175 N is applied to the cord.



0.75 m