

# Robot Control

Exercises

# Exercise 1

- Find the dynamic motion equations of a 2 DOF planar robot, if you know the lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} = K - P$$

$$\mathcal{L} = k_1 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + (k_2 + k_3 \cos(\theta_2)) (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2)^2 - p_1 \sin(\theta_1) - p_2 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$

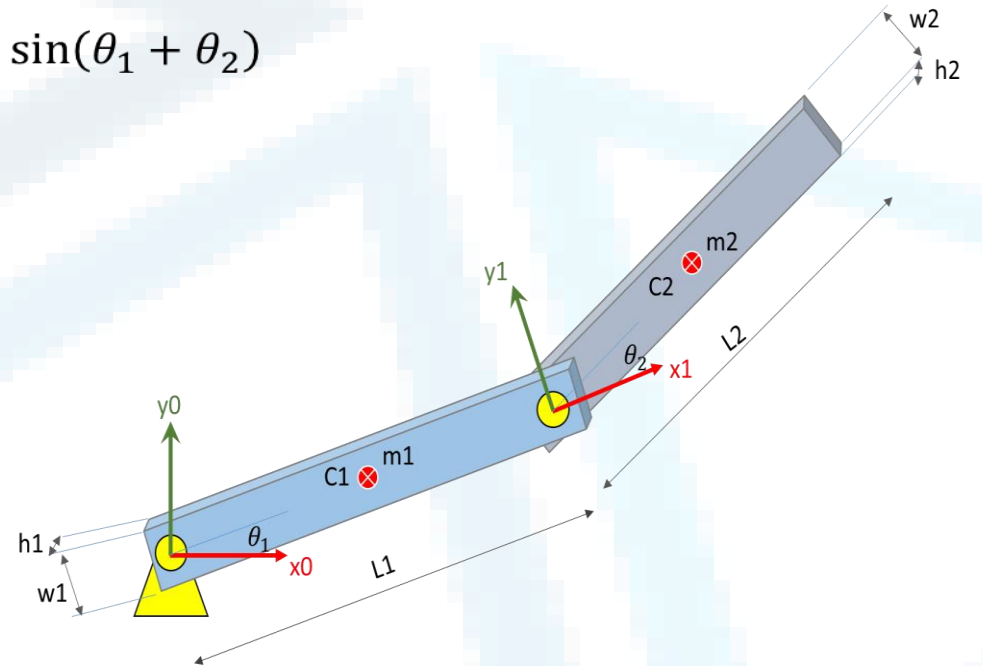
$$k_1 = \frac{m_1}{24} (7L_1^2 + w_1^2)$$

$$k_2 = \frac{m_1 + m_2}{2} L_1^2 + \frac{7m_2}{24} L_2^2 + \frac{m_2}{24} w_2^2$$

$$k_3 = \frac{m_2}{2} L_1 L_2$$

$$p_1 = g \cdot L_1 \left( \frac{m_1}{2} + m_2 \right)$$

$$p_2 = g \cdot L_2 \cdot \frac{m_2}{2}$$



# Solution

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = \tau_i, i = 1, 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2(k_1 + k_2 + k_3 C_2) & 2(k_2 + k_3 C_2) \\ 2(k_2 + k_3 C_2) & 2(k_2 + k_3 C_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{\theta}_1 \\ \ddot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2k_3 S_2 (\dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_2^2) \\ k_3 S_2 (\dot{\theta}_1^2 - \dot{\theta}_2^2) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} p_1 C_1 + p_2 C_{12} \\ p_2 C_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \tau_1 \\ \tau_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D(q)\ddot{q} + H(q, \dot{q}) + G(q) = Q$$

The Acceleration-related  
Inertia matrix term,  
Symmetric

The Coriolis and  
Centrifugal terms

The Gravity  
terms

Driving torque  
applied on each link

## Exercise 2

Given the lagrangian of a two DOF robot:

$$\mathcal{L} = 0.1\dot{\theta}_1^2 + (0.2 + 0.05 \cos(\theta_2))(\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2)^2 - 5 \sin(\theta_1) - 0.6 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$

Find the dynamic motion equations of the robot.

## Solution

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = \tau_i, i = 1, 2$$

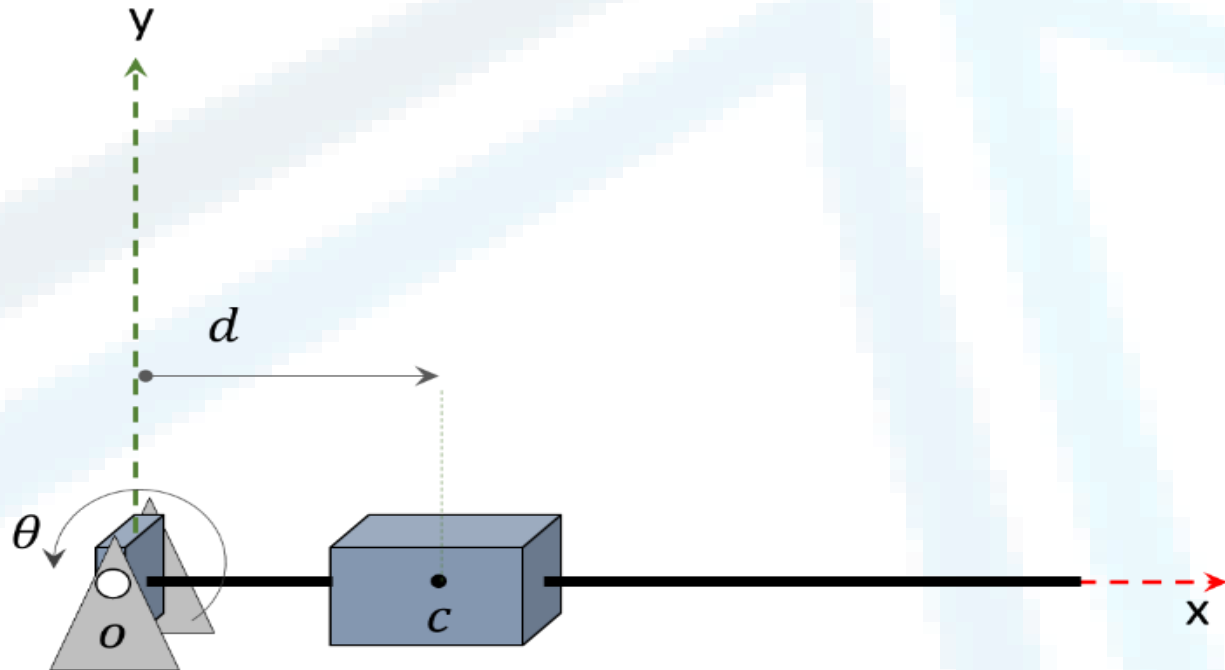
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.6 + 0.1C_2 & 0.4 + 0.1C_2 \\ 0.4 + 0.1C_2 & 0.4 + 0.1C_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{\theta}_1 \\ \ddot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -0.1S_2 (\dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_2^2) \\ 0.05S_2 (\dot{\theta}_1^2 - \dot{\theta}_2^2) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5C_1 + 0.6C_{12} \\ 0.6C_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \tau_1 \\ \tau_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Homework

Given the lagrangian of a RP polar robot as following:

$$\mathcal{L} = (0.05 + 10d^2)\dot{\theta}^2 + 5\dot{d}^2 + 100 \times d \times \sin(\theta)$$

Find the dynamic motion equations.



Thanks